Yuntech EE - Signals and Systems Midterm Examination

 Name:
 ID No.:
 97/11/11

(Total 120 points!)

- 1. (20%) Please identify that the flowing signals are continuous-time or discrete-time. (a) Dog's barks; (b) a panting; (c) a sound track recoded in a cassette; (d) a webcam image.
- 2. (10%) Please identify that which equation is for **total energy** and the other is for **average power** of a discrete-time signal x[n] over an infinite interval.

(a)
$$\lim_{N \to \infty} \frac{1}{2N+1} \sum_{n=-N}^{N} |x[n]|^2$$
, (b) $\lim_{N \to \infty} \sum_{n=-N}^{N} |x[n]|^2$

- 3. (15%) Please determine (and also state the reasons) whether (a) a discrete-time system $y[n] = x[n^2]$; (b) a continuous-time system $y(t) = \cos[2x(t)]$; and (c) a continuous-time system y(t) = x(t-2) is time-invariant or not.
- 4. (20%) Let x(t) = u(t-3) u(t-5) and $h(t) = e^{-3t}u(t)$. Compute (a) y(t) = x(t) * h(t) and (b) $g(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt} * h(t)$.
- 5. (20%) Please draw the block diagrams of two difference equations: (a) y[n] = ay[n-1] bx[n]; (b) $y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} [bx(\tau) + ay(\tau)] d\tau$
- 6. (10%) Determine (and also state the reasons) whether or not each of the following continuous-time and discrete-time signals is periodic. If the signal is periodic, determine its fundamental period. (a) $x(t) = \sin(2t \frac{\pi}{3})$; (b) $x[n] = \cos(\frac{n}{6} \pi)$.
- 7. (15%) For the continuous-time periodic signal $x(t) = 5 + 6\sin(\frac{2\pi}{3}t) + 7\cos(\frac{4\pi}{3}t)$, determine the fundamental frequency w_0 and the Fourier series coefficients a_k such that

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jkw_0 t}$$

8. (10%) For an input $x(t) = e^{st}$, we can determine the output through the use of the convolution integral, i.e.,

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(\tau) x(t-\tau) d\tau = H(s) e^{st}.$$

Please show that

$$H(s) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(\tau) e^{-s\tau} d\tau.$$